



**ACCREDITED
CLUB**
PART OF ENGLAND FOOTBALL

BRAMLEY AMIGOS FC

Photography Policy 2026/2027

Introduction

Bramley Amigos FC from time to time may take photos and/or videos at events such as, but not limited to: Training, Matchdays, Fundraising.

These kinds of photography will be taken by members associated with the Club such as: Coaches, Committee Members etc. or a third party commissioned by the club (you will always be notified in advance if a third party photographer has been commissioned) and may be used for promotional purposes on our website and social media pages or be used in club publications as we see fit.

We will ensure any person taking photographs/videos that has been commissioned to do so by the Club holds a relevant DBS certificate.

We ask that if parents/guardians wish to take photographs/videos that these only contain your own child if they are to be shared on social media.

The club follows guidance into regards to photography as set out by The FA (8.3 Photographing and Filming Children).

As part of your membership at Bramley Amigos FC we kindly ask you to provide consent for the above. If you do not provide consent and a photograph is published where your child is present, their face will be blurred/covered.

The FA Guidance: 8.3 Photography and Filming Children

The information below is provided by The FA.

PHOTOGRAPHING AND FILMING CHILDREN

Parents, children and football clubs generally look forward to celebrating and or publicising footballing successes by photographing children at matches and events. Documenting a child's involvement and progress through the season both by film and photos is widely accepted as contributing to the enjoyment of the game. It's also recognised some coaches find it helpful to use photographs or film as a coaching tool to support a player's development.

The FA recognises the use of photos and film on websites, social media, posters, within the press or other publications, can pose direct and indirect risks to children if they are not managed appropriately.

However, the taking of appropriate photographs and or filming of children is supported by The FA. Everyone wishing to film or take photos in football has a responsibility to familiarise themselves with and adhere to the following guidance.

POTENTIAL RISKS

INAPPROPRIATE TAKING AND OR USE OF PHOTOGRAPHS OR FILMING OF CHILDREN

Someone may set out to take inappropriate photos or film content in ways that are potentially illegal and harmful, such as:

- Children changing;
- Photos taken in the toilets;
- Using a camera at ground level to photograph up girls' skirts;
- Photos and film footage that appear ambiguous can be used inappropriately and out of context by others;
- Photos and film footage that can easily be copied and edited, perhaps to create child-abuse images or film footage;
- Photos and film footage shared privately online that can be re-shared, possibly entering the public domain on websites or social media (further information on this is available in 'Section 6: Safeguarding in the Digital World' of the safeguarding section on TheFA.com).

THE IDENTIFICATION OF, CONTACT WITH, OR GROOMING OF A CHILD

When a child's photo or film of that child is accompanied by significant personal information e.g. full name, address - it makes them more easily identifiable to third parties. This can lead, and has led, to children being located, contacted and/or 'groomed'. Even if personal details are kept confidential, details identifying the school or club, or their favourite sportsperson or team, can potentially be used to groom the child. There's an increased risk of identification of, and contact with a child:

- By someone in circumstances where there are legal restrictions – such as if the child is in local-authority care or placed with an adoptive family;
- Where restrictions on contact with one parent following a parental separation exist e.g. in domestic violence cases;
- In situations where a child may be a witness in criminal proceedings

COMMISSIONING OFFICIAL OR PROFESSIONAL PHOTOGRAPHERS AND THE LOCAL MEDIA

If you are commissioning professional photographers* or inviting the media to cover a football activity, ensure you and they are clear about each other's expectations. The key is to plan ahead and communicate early on. Please follow the steps below.

- Provide a clear brief about what is considered appropriate in terms of content and behaviour;
- Inform them of your club's commitment to safeguarding children;
- Establish who will hold the film and or photographs and for how long they'll be retained and/or used and what they intend to do with them, e.g. place on a website for sale, distribute thumb nails to the club to co-ordinate sales;
- Issue the professional photographer with identification, which must be worn at all times;
- Clarify areas where all photography is prohibited e.g. toilets, changing areas, first-aid areas etc;
- Inform the photographer about how to identify – and avoid the taking of photographs and or filming – children without the required parental consent;
- Don't allow unsupervised access to children or one-to-one photo or filming sessions at events;

- Don't allow photo or filming sessions away from the event – for instance, at a young person's home;
- Inform participants and parents or carers prior to the event that a professional photographer will be in attendance.

WHAT TO DO WHEN PARENTAL CONSENT IS NOT GIVEN

Clubs and event organisers have a responsibility to put in place arrangements to ensure that any official or professional photographers can identify (or be informed about) which children should not be subject to close-up photography or filming. This could involve providing some type of recognisable badge, sticker or wristband, and/or a system for photographers* to check with the activity organiser and/or team manager to ensure it's clear which groups or individuals should not feature in photographs or on film.

COMMON SENSE CONSIDERATIONS TO ENSURE EVERYONE'S SAFETY

photographs and film taken are appropriate and taken in good faith. If we take the following measures we can help to ensure the safety of children in football.

DO:

1. Share The FA's guidance on taking photos and filming with everyone who becomes a club member (officials, parents/carers);
2. Ensure the club has written parental consent to use a player's photo and/or film footage in the public domain e.g. on the club website, Facebook page or in a newspaper article. This is essential in relation to point 3 below;
3. Ensure that any child in your club who is under care proceedings where there are legal restrictions, is protected by ensuring their image is not placed in the public domain. This can be done by using The FA's Club Annual Membership Information and Consent Form. See Guidance Notes 8.2 for this form;
4. Ensure all those featured are appropriately dressed (a minimum of vest or shirt and shorts);
5. Aim to take pictures which represent the broad range of youngsters participating safely in football e.g. boys and girls, disabled people, ethnic minority communities;
6. Advise parents/carers and spectators that there can be negative consequences to sharing photos or film footage linked to information about their own or other people's children on social media (Facebook, Twitter) – and that care should be taken about 'tagging';

7. Establish procedures to respond to and manage any concerns, including clear reporting structures and a system to contact the Police when necessary.

DON'T:

1. Publish photographs with the full name(s) of the individual(s) featured unless you have written consent to do so and you have informed the parents/ carers as to how the photo will be used;
2. Use player profiles with pictures and detailed personal information online;
3. Use an image for something other than that which it was initially agreed, e.g. published in local press when initially produced for a clubhouse commemorative picture;
4. Allow photos or film footage to be recorded in changing rooms, showers or toilets – this includes the use of mobile phones that record images;
5. Include any advertising relating to alcohol or gambling in photographs or film footage of children.

REMEMBER

- It's not an offence to take appropriate photographs or film footage in a public place even if asked not to do so;
- No-one has the right to decide who can and cannot take photos or film on public land;
- If you have serious concerns about a possible child protection issue relating to the taking of photos or film footage then call the Police. This action should only be taken where you believe that someone may be acting unlawfully or putting a child at risk;
- The land or facility owner can decide whether or not photography and or filming at football activities will be permitted when carried out on private land. However you need to make this known before allowing individuals access to the private property. If they do not comply then you may request they leave;
- Try not to use photos or film footage that include individuals wearing jewellery (as wearing jewellery whilst playing is contrary to the Laws of the Game as well as being a health and safety issue);
- That swimming as a social activity for football clubs presents a higher risk for potential misuse than football, so photos or film footage should:
 - Focus on the activity rather than a particular child; – Avoid showing the full face and body of a child
 - instead show children in the water, or from the waist or shoulders up;

– Avoid photos and camera angles that may be more prone to misinterpretation or misuse than others.

If you are concerned about the inappropriate use of photos or film footage please report this to your County FA Designated Safeguarding Officer or to The FA Safeguarding Team via Safeguarding@TheFA.com. [Click here](#) for a full list of key contacts at County FAs.

FILMING AS A COACHING AID

The FA advises that coaches using filming as a legitimate coaching aid should make parents/carers and players aware that this will be part of the coaching programme. Care should be taken when storing the film clips – see further guidance below.

Parental consent must of course have been given. This can be requested at the start of the season via The FA's Club Annual Membership Information and Consent Form.

GENERAL PHOTOGRAPHY AND FILMING OF EVENTS

At many events, organisers will wish to take wide-angle, more general photos and or film footage of the event, the site, opening and closing ceremonies, and so on.

It's usually not reasonable, practical or proportionate to secure consent for every participating child in order to take such photos or film footage, or to preclude such photography or filming on the basis of the concerns of a small number of parents.

In these circumstances, organisers should make clear to all participants and parents that these kinds of photos or film footage will be taken, and for what purposes.

SECURE STORAGE

Photographs or film recordings of children must be kept securely:

- Hard copies of photographs should be kept in a locked drawer;
- Digital photos should be in a protected folder with restricted access;
- Digital photos and film footage should not be stored on unencrypted portable equipment such as laptops, memory sticks or mobile phones.

Club and Leagues:

- If you're storing and using photographs to identify children and adults for official purposes – such as identity cards – ensure you comply with the legal requirements for handling personal information;

- For guidance on data protection and other privacy regulations, visit the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) website: ico.org.uk

MISUSE AND MANIPULATION OF PHOTOGRAPHS AND OR FILM

An individual with bad intent may deliberately target a vulnerable child to take photos or film footage which may be uploaded to social media or shared with other like-minded individuals or groups motivated by sexual interest.

Occasionally, these photos or film footage are also used to threaten and force the child into unwanted, illegal sexual activity. Taking and sharing photos or film footage like this may form part of wider bullying of the targeted young person by other young people, motivated more by a wish to cause humiliation and embarrassment.

Even in the context of a shared joke among friends, without abusive intent, a young person taking and sharing inappropriate photos or film footage may be committing a serious offence and risk criminal prosecution.

RESPONDING TO CONCERNS

Whether it's general club activities or when attending an event all club officials, volunteers, children and parents/carers should be informed that if they have any concerns regarding inappropriate or intrusive photography or filming (in terms of the way, by whom, or where photography or filming is being undertaken), these should be reported.

Reports can be made to the:

- Event organiser or another official;
- Event Designated Safeguarding Officer;
- Club Welfare Officer;
- County FA Designated Safeguarding Officer;
- The FA Safeguarding Team via safeguarding@TheFA.com

There must be a safeguarding procedure in place to ensure that reported concerns are dealt with in the same way as any other child-protection issue. Concerns about professional photographers* should also be reported to their employers. To report potentially unlawful materials on the internet please contact: The Internet Watch Foundation E: report@iwf.org.uk T: 01223 237700 Fax: 01223 235921 W: iwf.org.uk.

